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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The listing of claims below replaces all prior versions of claims in this application.

1. (Currently Amended) A scene classification apparatus of video for classifying a

sequence of shots into a dynamic scene with much motion or a static scene with little motion,

where the dynamic scene and the static scene respectively include a plurality of continuous shots

and are thus a larger unit than a shot, comprising:

a shot segmentation device to segment the video into respective shots;

a calculator for calculating shot density DS of the video per a time unit from the

respective segmented shots;

a calculator for calculating motion intensity per unit region on the image using a value of

motion vectors of the respective segmented shots; and

a dynamic/static scene classifier for classifying the sequence of shots into the dynamic

scene with much motion or the static scene with little motion based on the shot density and the

motion intensity of the respective segmented shots.

2. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

1, wherein the dynamic/static scene classifier classifies a sequence of shots whose shot density is

larger than first reference density and whose motion intensity is stronger than first reference

intensity into the dynamic scene.

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3. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

1. wherein the dynamic/static scene detector classifies a shot whose shot density is smaller than

second reference density and whose motion intensity is weaker than second reference intensity

into the static scene.

4. (Previously Presented) A scene classification apparatus of video for classifying a

sequence of shots into a slow scene, where the slow scene includes a plurality of continuous shot

and is thus a larger unit than a shot, comprising:

a shot segmentation device to segment the video into respective shots;

an extractor for extracting from the respective segmented shots a shot similar to a current

target shot from shots after a shot before the current target shot only by a predetermined interval;

and

a slow scene detector for classifying the target shot into a slow scene of the shot similar

to the current target shot based on motion intensity of the current target shot and the r shot

similar to the current target shot.

5. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

4, wherein the slow scene detector classifies the target shot into the slow scene of the shot similar

to the current target shot when the motion intensity of the shot similar to the current target shot is

stronger than the motion intensity of the current target shot.

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6. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 4 or 5, further

comprising a first highlight scene detector for classifying a scene composed of a plurality of shots

continued just before the slow scene into a first highlight scene.

7. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 6, further

comprising:

detector for detecting intensity of an audio signal accompanied by the video into shot; and

a second highlight scene detector for classifying a scene composed of a plurality of shots

continued before and after a shot with the audio signal intensity stronger than the predetermined

intensity into a second highlight scene,

wherein the scene classified into the first highlight scene and the second highlight scene

is classified into the highlight scene.

8. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 7, further

comprising:

a commercial scene detector for classifying the respective shots into a commercial scene,

wherein a scene classified into a scene other than the first highlight scene, the second

highlight scene and the commercial scene is classified into the highlight scene.

9. (Previously Presented) A scene classification apparatus of video for classifying a

sequence of shots into a scene in which a camera operation has been performed, where the scene

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in which the camera operation has been performed includes a plurality of continuous shots and is thus a larger unit than a shot, comprising:

a shot segmentation device to segment the video into respective shots;

a detector for detecting a histogram relating to motion directions of the respective segmented shots; and

a detector for detecting the scene in which the camera operation has been performed based on the histogram of motion direction.

10. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 9, further comprising a zooming scene detector for, when the histogram of motion direction is uniform and a number of elements of respective bins is larger than a reference number of elements, classifying its shot into a zooming scene.

11. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 9, further including:

detector for detecting spatial distribution of motion of each shot; and

a panning scene detector for detecting whether the respective shots are a panning scene based on the histogram of motion direction and the spatial distribution of motion.

12. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 11, wherein when the histogram of motion direction is concentrated in one direction and the spatial

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distribution of motion is uniform, the panning scene detector classifies the shot into the panning

scene.

13. (Previously Presented) A scene classification apparatus of video for classifying a

sequence of shots into a commercial scene, where the commercial scene includes a plurality of

continuous shots and is thus a larger unit than a shot, comprising:

a shot segmentation device to segment the video into respective shots;

a detector for detecting a shot density DS of the video; and

a commercial scene detector for detecting the commercial scene by comparing a shot

density detected during a predetermined interval with a predetermined reference shot density.

14. (Previously Presented) A scene classification apparatus of video for classifying a

sequence of shots into a commercial scene , where the commercial scene includes a plurality of

continuous shots and is thus a larger unit than a shot, comprising:

a shot segmentation device to segment the video into respective shots;

a detector for detecting a number of shot boundaries of the video; and

a commercial scene detector for detecting the commercial scene by comparing a number

of shot boundaries detected during a predetermined interval with a predetermined reference

number, and classifying the scene as the commercial scene in response to the comparing

indicating that the number of shot boundaries detected during the predetermined interval is

greater than the predetermined reference number.

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15. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 1 or 4,

wherein the video are compressed data, and the motion intensity is detected by using a value of a

motion vector of a predictive coding image existing in each shot.

16. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 11, wherein

the video are compressed data, and the spatial distribution of motion is detected by using a value

of a motion vector of a predictive coding image existing in each shot.

17. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 9, wherein

the video are compressed data, and the histogram of motion direction is detected by using a value

of a motion vector of a predictive coding image existing in each shot.

18. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

1 or 4, wherein the video are uncompressed data, and the motion intensity is detected by using a

value of a motion vector representing a change in motion predicted from a compared result of

frames composing the respective shots.

19. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

1 or 4, wherein the video are uncompressed data, and the spatial distribution of motion is

detected by using a value of a motion vector representing a change in motion predicted from a

compared result of frames composing the respective shots.

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20. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

1 or 4, wherein the video are uncompressed data, and the histogram of motion direction is

detected by using a value of a motion vector representing a change in motion predicted from a

compared result of frames composing the respective shots.

21. (Previously Presented) A scene classification apparatus of video for segmenting video

into shots and classifying each scene composed of one or more continuous shots based on a

content of the scene, comprising:

a detector for detecting a highlight scene;

extracting and combining means for extracting and combining a plurality of highlight

scenes; and

inserting means for inserting a video transition effect into a combined portion of the

respective highlight scenes, the inserting means including a dynamic/static scene detector to

detect whether a highlight scene is a dynamic scene with much motion or a static scene with little

motion,

wherein the inserting means makes a type of the video transition effect to be inserted

different according to whether the highlight scenes to be combined are the dynamic scene or the

static scene.

22. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

21, wherein when the highlight scene is the dynamic scene, the video transition effect with small

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change in an image mixing ratio is inserted therein, and when the highlight scene is the static scene, the video transition effect with large change in the image mixing ratio is inserted therein.

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